

FARMERS' REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

VOL. XIII.]

WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1820.

[No. 631.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers will receive wool at their factory, situated on the road leading from Shepherdstown to Winchester, about seven miles from the latter, where it will be manufactured into Linsey, Blankets, Flannel, Casinet or Cloth; and as produce bears but a low price, and consequently money scarce, they will manufacture the above articles the present year, at the following prices, which is about ten per centum lower than formerly, viz:

- For Linsey, 50 cts.
- Blanketing one yard wide, 50
- Blanketing two yards wide, \$1 00
- Three quarter cloth spun from nine to thirteen cuts to the pound, from sixty cents to one dollar per yard, according to the colour and quality
- For Casinet 90 cts.

THEY return their sincere thanks to their friends, and the public generally, for the encouragement they have received, and hope, by a strict attention to business, exertion to please and render satisfaction, to merit a continuance of their favor.

HOLMES & WARD.

N. B. Liberal wages and constant employment will be given to one who can come well recommended for honesty, industry and sobriety, and who is in all respects qualified to take charge and superintend the filling, dyeing and dressing in the above factory, and none other need apply.

HOLMES & WARD.

April 19—5w.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

James Bell, Plaintiff,

against

John Peter, John T. Cooks, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Jno. R. Flagg & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cooks, and John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co. Thos. S. Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; R. Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; William Strider, John Strider, and Thos. S. Bennett; Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little as millers; Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, or either of them, do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods or effects in their hands belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Farmer's Repository printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said county of Jefferson.

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FOREIGN NEWS.

Received at the office of the Franklin Gazette, Philadelphia, by the Rosseau, Capt. Jefferson, 43 days from Amsterdam.

By Captain Jefferson, of the ship Rosseau, from Amsterdam, we have received a London paper of March 15, four days later than our previous dates. Extracts follow: It will be seen that BENJAMIN WEST, our countryman, the great historical painter, died in London on the 10th of March. The elections for the new parliament in England were progressing with great spirit. In the city of London, on the third day, Mr. Wilson, alderman Wood and Sir William Curtis were ahead, and would probably be elected. The other candidates were the Lord Mayor, alderman Thorp, and Waitman in Westminster, on the third day, Sir Francis Burdett and Mr. Hobhouse were considerably before Mr. Lamb, the ministerial candidate, and would certainly gain their election. Dundas and Weyhill were likely to be elected for the city of York. Lord Russell and William Whitbread, were returned for Coventry, Cobbett was running for Coventry, but was in a miserable minority on the fourth day.

LONDON, MARCH 13. The disturbances among the Ribband men in the west of Ireland still continue. They sacked the house of Mr. T. Sampson, in the parish of Killo, county of Clare but were repulsed, and two or three of them were severely wounded. Associations of gentlemen in Galway and Clare had been formed for the purpose of defence against them.

LORD BYRON has just sent over two remaining Cantos of Don Juan, which are to be published immediately. They are said to possess more peculiar and striking instances of the extraordinary genius of the noble author, than either of the parts, which are already before the public.

LORD BYRON, it is asserted in a French paper, is also writing a poem on the late events at Paris.

BENJAMIN WEST, Esq.—We regret to state, that this distinguished artist expired on Friday night, at his house in Newmarket-st. He was in the 82d year of his age.

SHIP letters from Spain, received on Saturday mention that the Constitution had been proclaimed at St. Sebastians and Bilbao on the 29th ult. but we do not know what credit is to be attached to the report.

ON Wednesday morning, both Mr. Curwen and Sir James Graham received an anonymous letter by the post threatening them with assassination, couched in the following terms:

SIR—Prepare for DEATH, I am not a cowardly assassin to take you with all your imperfections on your head; but die you must. My life's no value to me, but it shall be of service to my country—An admirer of Louvel, the deliverer of France

Carlisle, March 6th

AND between that time and Thursday night, such demonstrations were made by the radical party, as indicated any thing rather than peace and good order. We are told that a circular was sent to the weaving shops, desiring the workmen to be in readiness on Friday morning, to give the "monsters" [Sir James and Mr. Curwen] a proper reception. These, and other indications, induced each candidate to cause the award of a considerable number of special constables; and the Mayor justly apprehending a tumult, ordered into the suburbs of the city, the two troops of cavalry which had been previously sent away in compliance with the statute: the law, however, sanctions the presence of the military, if found necessary; for under mob law, the freedom of election is out of the question.

A letter from Bayonne, of 2d March, contains as follows: Min's forces increase every day. The guerrillas and soldiers who, six years ago, fought under his orders, hasten to join him again. This morning a vessel from San Adrian entered our harbor. The captain reports that at the moment of his departure, a vessel from Ferrol had just arrived, bringing advices that Comandante risen up and proclaimed the constitution. The clearance of this vessel had been dispatched by the Junta established there.

ROME, FEB. 12. Accounts from Alexandria state, that the great canal of Romanick, the most colossal work of the age, is finished; the water of the Nile was let into it on the last day of December. The whole population of Alexandria went to be spectators of this interesting sight.

STOCKHOLM, FEB. 23. The number of sick in this capital has so much increased that the hospital cannot receive them.

FRANCE. A letter from France, dated the 7th of February, says—The city of Rennes, with a population of 40,000, has just refused to government to receive the statue of General Moreau, which it wished to have placed in one of its public squares. They will not

pardon his having fought against his countrymen. The Britons are yet a high minded people.

A Paris editor adds—We seize this opportunity to read to the friends of independence and of humanity, that a subscription has been opened in favor of the Paragonites, who are suffering in the different countries of Europe. It will be glorious for France to repair the injustice of the English government, and to restore a country to the inhabitants of Parga.

The following law has passed the two houses of the French legislature, by small majorities:

Art. 1. Every individual who, by speeches, writings or threats, or by any act whatever, shall have made himself liable to be charged (inculpated) by an attempt, plot, or proposition of a plot, against the king's life or person, or against the life or person of the members of the royal family, may be arrested and detained on the notification of a warrant of the council of ministers, signed by three ministers at least, and of which a copy shall be left with him.

Art. 2. Every person so arrested shall be immediately carried to the house of arrest [goal] of the tribunal of the district where he resides, or of that where the facts took place which gave rise to his incrimination.

The gaoler or keeper shall, within 24 hours after receiving the prisoner, give a copy of the warrant of arrest to the king's attorney, who, on his part, shall be bound to transmit it to the attorney general of the royal court, to which that of his district is subordinate.

This magistrate (the king's attorney) shall be bound, within a fortnight after receiving that warrant, to examine by himself, or one of his deputies, the party under arrest, as well on such facts as may be within his own personal knowledge, as on the documents which the minister shall transmit to him.

He shall commit the examination to writing, and shall receive from the party examined all memorials, statements, demands, or requests in writing, and all other documents that he may offer, and transmit the whole within twenty four hours, to the minister of justice, who shall report them to the council of ministers.

Art. 3. The said report, as well as the decision of the council of ministers, either to send the party accused to be tried by the competent judges, or to set him at liberty, giving him a statement in writing of the causes of his arrestation, shall take place within three months at farthest, after the transmission of the documents to the minister of justice by the attorney general, as above-mentioned.

Art. 4. The ministry shall be bound to lay before the two houses of the legislature, at their next session, a list or statement of all the persons arrested by their order; and to add thereto a report of what shall have been done in execution of the present law, which shall cease, plus jure, to be in force during the next session.

It was understood, say the editors of the Gazette, that the law for establishing licenses of newspapers and periodical journals, and that for altering the mode of elections to the legislature, would likewise pass by the same majority. The object of the last law is to make the legislature of France a quinquennial, some say a septennial, parliament. By the charter the house of deputies is renewed by one fifth every year.

The periodical paper called the Minerva, edited by the celebrated writers called Benj. Constant and M. Jouey, author of the elegant classical works, the Hermit of the Chaux de d'Autin, and various dramatic pieces of highly liberal character, and some other distinguished literary men, the editors take leave of the public, declaring that their labors can no longer be of service to their country, and that they must commit the future prosperity of France to that Providence which, under all her vicissitudes, had raised her above the conspirations of external, and the perfidy of internal, enemies.

A revolution contrary to the Bourbonne was expected to be the inevitable result of these transactions. The British government was believed to be at the bottom of these views; or, in other words, the holy alliance had resolved to prostrate the freedom of the press, and declared that, while the press was free, thrones must be insecure.

NEW YORK, APRIL 29. LATEST FROM ENGLAND

The ship Atlantic, capt. Matlock, arrived at this port on Saturday morning, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 17th March. Capt. Matlock has favored the Editors of the Mercantile Advertiser with Liverpool papers to the 17th and London to the 15th.

Election.—The city of London has chosen Mr. Wilson, Alderman Wood, Sir William Curtis, and the Lord Mayor, the new parliament.

Liverpool has elected Mr. Canning and Gen. Gascoyne.

By the returns up to the 11th 204 members of the late parliament were elected, and

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April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

John Briscoe, Plaintiff,

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This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cooks, and John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co. Thos. S. Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett; Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cooks, and John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co. Thos. S. Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett; Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cooks, and John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co. Thos. S. Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett; Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, Defendants.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

James Bell, Plaintiff,

against

John Peter, John T. Cooks, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Jno. R. Flagg & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and

63 new members. 56 members of the former Parliament were not elected.

At Westminster, on the evening of the 15th, the 8th day of polling, the voters— for Sir Francis Burtett, 2571; Mr. Hobhouse, 2412; Mr. Lamb, 1551.

Cobbett writes from Coventry, that his voters are intimidated from going to the poll by the "bludgeon men," and that several of his friends have had their bones broken.

A French paper mentions that Madame Lavalette, had attempted, in a fit of insanity, to throw herself into the Seine.

LONDON, MARCH 15.

The Paris papers of Saturday last, have arrived. The discussion on the several articles of the law for suspending individual liberty in France, was resumed on Saturday in the Chamber of Deputies, when, after some debating, the 1st and 2d articles of the project, as originally proposed by the Ministers, were adopted. The Chamber then adjourned the discussion of the remaining articles until Monday.

In the Chamber of Peers a Petition was read from the Mayor of Beziers, praying the chamber to address the King, that his Majesty might induce his brother, the Count D'Artois, to form a matrimonial alliance, in the hope of giving heirs in the direct line to the House of Bourbon. "The good sentiments," says the bulletin of the Chamber, "expressed in this Petition, induced the Chamber to place it among its archives." A person named Lejay, praying the Chamber to prosecute the Duke de Gages late Minister of the Interior. The prayer of this petition was strongly expressed by the Marquis de Laluy, who remained by the Peers of France were judges and not prosecutors. A Grand Deputation of Peers was appointed by the Chamber to assist at the funeral of the Duke de Berri, which was appointed to be solemnized at Saint Denis on Thursday last. A similar deputation of 20 Members were appointed by the Chamber of Deputies.

General Guillet has been arrested in pursuance of a warrant from the commissioners of the Court of Peers. An officer of Police has also been arrested, upon a charge of having entered into the conspiracy with Louvel.

From the Dublin press received this day, we find that the activity of the resident Geny, assisted by an increase of the military force in the disturbed districts, has given a great check to the spirit of outrage. It may be confidently expected that a perseverance in the same course will soon completely restore the public tranquility. The Irish elections have not yet commenced: they do not promise many contests—Globe.

The trial of Thistlewood, and the other persons who with him were committed upon the charge of high treason, will take place probably within the first week of the ensuing month.

The intelligence from Ireland this morning, which will be found in our preceding columns, is, we regret to say, of the most painful description. Some of the wretched men who have been concerned in the atrocious excesses committed by the Ribbonmen, and whose trials took place at the Roscommon Assizes, have been executed. Others are to be transported. But it does not appear that these terrible examples have had any beneficial operation upon the deluded comrades. The most barbarous outrages are still committed, with the spirit of insubordination seems to be daily extending its range. Whatever may be the necessary means for putting down this enormous evil, whether by military force, or civil process, we do hope they will be speedily and vigorously adopted. There is a character of merciless and savage brutality, in some of the proceedings, which makes the blood tingle. They resemble rather the inroads of American Indians, than the violence of civilized men—Courier, March 14.

A final disposal has been made of the men in custody on charges of being part of the Cato street gang. They were taken to the military barracks on Saturday the 11th of March, before the members of the Privy Council Robert George and John Simmonds were fully committed on the charge of high treason. Thomas Preston, the co-heritor, and Hazard, the schoolmaster, were committed on suspicion of treason. The same day, a man named Abel Hall, was apprehended at Preston, by two Police officers from London.

The prisoners were committed to the tower. This commitment is founded on the recent act, in amendment of the statute of King Edward III, by which a conspiracy to levy war is declared high treason, without overt act. A special commission was to be appointed to try them.

It appears that the conspirators, in their meetings, thought it necessary, in order to guard against the possibility of strangers becoming acquainted with the subject of their deliberations, to adopt fictitious names for the different articles, to which, in their arrangements for future operations, they had to refer—thus, gunpowder they called "apple-seed," a cutlass, a man's "fellows," guns, "speaks," and pikes, "thrusters." The intended victims of their hellish purposes were termed "candidates for the borough of reform."

The health of his Majesty George IV, is daily improving. His Majesty is able to walk out, and his appearance is stated to be "most pleasingly cheerful."

A singular occurrence had recently taken place in Ireland, of which the following are the particulars, as given in a letter from Inverness:—

Within three or two years, Mr. Manro, of Novar, in Ross shire, succeeded

to his father, Sir Alexander Munro, the brother of the late Sir Hector. This gentleman having determined to make some improvements on a detached part of his estate called Balmac, situated on the southern side of the Dornock Frith, it became necessary to remove the present tenants. On notice being given to those poor creatures to remove, they remonstrated, and staid unquietly, as they neither had money to transport them to America, nor the prospect of another situation to retire to, they neither could nor would remove, and that if force was to be used, they would rather die on the spot than give their birth than elsewhere. Accordingly, when, on Thursday last, the officers went to execute their warrants, aided by the military staff at Linn, the sheriff-depute of the county, and a large body of constables, they were met by a determined body of females, who had planted themselves so judiciously in the mouth of a narrow pass, that they defied their power of numbers, and a very serious rencounter was the consequence. The Military were obliged to fire in their own defence, and many were seriously wounded by stones and other missiles, and among others, the sheriff Mr. Lead. His carriage and several others were almost destroyed, and a few more were injured, and the whole party, the whole party to be obliged to retreat, and leave the field to these Amazons, some of whom are supposed to be gentlemen in female attire: at all events, there seems little doubt of the truth of the report, that their guardians lay in ambush a short distance as a body of reserve, in case of their assistance being wanted.

We have since heard, that the rioters are awakened to a sense of their misconduct, and are sending down messages expressive of regret for their late outrage, and of submission to the laws which they off end.

Inverness Courier.

The special commission for the trial of the conspirators was issued. The trial would soon take place.

Liverpool, March 17.—The assassin Louvel is completely cased in iron; he is fastened by the legs, thighs, body, elbows and wrists, with an iron collar or gag, that completely prevents him from moving his head forward. He is chained to a wall by iron bolts and locks, and only permitted to sleep a few moments at a time, so as just enough to prevent nature from expiring.

Private Letter.

SPANISH REVOLUTION.

Extract to the editors of the Franklin Gazette, dated

MADRID, MARCH 7, 1820.

"I send you at hazard, by way of Gibraltar, a Gazette extraordinary published this afternoon by this government. The determination to call the Cortes has been produced by the revolution in Galicia, the disturbances in Murcia, and other movements. A part of the army at Osona have sworn to the Constitution. The regiment Imperial Alexander, commanded by Alexander O'Donnell, is a part of the force, and the count Abisald left Madrid on Thursday night, secretly, to join them. Last night the palace was doubled. The Infante Don Carlos and some of the heads of the government, attended by 800 men, were stationed in the Plaza Major, and all the disposable force of the king have slept upon their arms. The cause of these precautions was the belief that the stone of the constitution was to be raised during the night, or early this morning. The government was informed by a spy, that he had prepared a stone by the directions of some five or six unknown persons, who compelled him, after it was made, to inscribe upon it some appropriate words. The persons, after the work was executed, paid for it and carried it away. Diligent search has been made to discover them, but without effect.

We are in the midst of affairs here, and expect to see or hear something in a short time interesting, if not terrible. The opinion prevails that the king must subscribe the constitution of 1812. Nothing short of that will satisfy the mass of the army and of the nation."

TRANSLATED FOR THE FRANKLIN GAZETTE OFFICIAL

Gazette Extraordinary of Madrid, March 1820

Don Ferdinand VII king, by the grace of God and the constitution of the Spanish monarchy, has published the following decree

Having, in my decree of the 7th inst. stated my determination to swear to the constitution promulgated in Cadiz by the general and extraordinary Cortes in the year 1812, I have just sworn to the same in a provisional Junta, composed of persons possessing the confidence of the city, until in the Cortes which I have made arrangements for assembling with reference to the said constitution, the same oath may be solemnly repeated, in the manner that body may deem proper. The individuals composing this Junta, are the reverend father in Christ cardinal de Bourbon. Archbishop of Toledo, President; Lieutenant General Ballasteros, Vice President; the reverend Bishop of Valladolid Don Manuel Lardizabal; Don Mateo Valdemoros; Don Vincente Sanchez, Colonel of Engineers; Count Taboada, D. Francisco Crespo de Tejada, D. Bernardino Turrado; and Don Ignacio Pezuela. All acts done by government will be in result of consultation with this Junta, and will be published with its consent. Let the same be

made known and every where promptly and immediately published throughout the whole kingdom. Signed and certified at the palace, the 9th of March, 1820. Joseph Garcia de la Torre.

OFFICIAL

The following order has been transmitted to the Captain Generals of the respective provinces

The secretary of state has transmitted me the following order of the date of this day: His Majesty has determined immediately to set at liberty all persons imprisoned, or detained, on account of their political opinions, in whatsoever part of the kingdom they may now be; they are at liberty to return to their homes, as also those who for the same cause may be at present out of the kingdom. Let this determination be made known to all the Captain Generals. All which I transmit to your excellency for your government, and with a view to its publication and execution. God preserve your excellency many years.

Madrid, March 8, 1820.

Translated for the Boston Daily Advertiser.

FRANKFORT, (ODER), FEB. 24.

The Grand Duke of Mecklenburg, and the Duke of Mecklenburg Strelitz, have proclaimed the suppression of personal servitude, granted to the peasants of the Island of Oesel.

The ceremony of emancipation was presided by divine services; all the constituted authorities were joined to the deputies of the peasants.

The Marshal of the province delivered a discourse in which we remarked the following passage:—"All men are born free, the laws alone can restrain the use of their liberty; arbitrary power must disappear, and in future it will be no merit to have been a tyrant."

"This is the wish of Alexander, (the Grand Duke, our well beloved sovereign: this is demanded by the spirit of the age, that all powerful voice, that always makes itself heard. The day has arrived, when servitude is to be forever abolished, and when the first rights of humanity are to be rendered to the men whose labor and sweat procure for us the first necessities of life."

LATE FROM GIBRALTAR.

BALTIMORE, MAY 4.

Captain Dickerson of the schooner Mudas, in 32 days from Gibraltar, arrived at this port last evening, and reports that, although he was not on shore, he was informed by a gentleman who passed alongside, of a report that the New Constitution of Spain had dispatched an Ambassador to the United States, on a mission supposed to relate exclusively to the Florida.

We have been permitted to extract from the letter of a highly respectable house, at Gibraltar, the following confirmation of the above report.

Gibraltar, March 20th, 1820.—"We understand to-day, that the brig 'Edward Foster,' which sailed a few days since from Malaga for the United States, carries the ratification of the Florida Treaty, by the King of Spain.—Telegraph.

ALEXANDRIA, MARCH.

Sentence of death.—For the first time, in a number of years, we witnessed, on Saturday last, in the Circuit Court for the District of Columbia, the awful sentence of a fellow mortal sentenced to death. Judge Branch, after a most impressive admonition pronounced at the entrance of the court and the pronouncement of the sentence of the court and the murder of John Potter, and on Richard Hill, for breaking open and stealing from the store of Messrs. Cook and Clark sundry goods. The time of their execution is not yet fixed on. At the same time John Reeves was sentenced to receive thirty nine lashes, and pay a fine of twenty dollars, for aiding and assisting Hill in the perpetration of his villainy.

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 4.

Forgery on the U. States Bank.—On Tuesday last four notes of the Bank of the United States of the amount of \$800 each, were received in deposit at some of the city banks. They are said to be equal in execution to the real notes, except the vignette, which is much coarser. As some of smaller denomination may be in circulation, citizens had better be on their guard.—Freeman's Journal.

DARIEN, GEOR. April 24.

BRUTAL AFFAIR.

In Wayne county, on the 13th inst. Richard Hops, was murdered, by stabs in several parts of his body and being cut open with a knife, so that his entrails were exposed to view, by James Yates, who immediately escaped, but has, we are glad to state, been apprehended, through the vigilance of the sheriff of that county, and one or two other persons. On his being arrested, he stated, as we are informed, that he had been aided by Henry Somerville (in whose house it occurred in executing the above horrible deed Somerville, we understand, has also been arrested and committed to the goal in Camden county—where they both are to remain to stand their trial at the next Superior court for Wayne county.

LATEST FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

CHARLESTON, APRIL 28.

By the brig Ocean, Capt. White, arrived this morning, in 75 days from Buenos Ayres, we have information, that, about the 8th February, General Artigas, with a powerful force, was within 14 miles of that city, and it was supposed he would shortly enter and take possession of it. General Rondeau, the Supreme Director, who had been sent out to oppose Artigas's approach, had been defeated and driven into the city, on the first February, with only one hundred men. He had resigned the Directorship, and Gen. O'Hara had been elected in his stead.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, APRIL 28.

Mr. Archer, of Maryland, submitted the following amendment to the rules of the house, which lies on the table one day of course.

"Every discussion on any bill, motion, or resolution, shall terminate in five days after it shall have commenced."

"No member shall speak upon any question longer than an hour at one time."

Mr. Butler, of New Hampshire, submitted the following resolution for consideration:

Resolved, That the committee of manufactures be instructed to prepare and report a bill laying a duty of 5 cents on all spirituous liquors distilled from grain and other domestic materials.

The question being taken whether the house would now consider the resolution, it was decided in the negative, yeas 88, nays 68.

DUTIES ON IMPORTS.

The house then took up the bill to regulate the duties on imports, and the amendments reported thereto by the committee of the whole house.

The question was, about six o'clock, taken on the motion to postpone the bill until the first day of the next session, and was decided in the negative by the following vote—yeas 79, nays 52.

The amendments agreed to in committee of the whole were then concurred in by the house.

Mr. Nelson, of Mass. moved to insert the following proviso, at the end of the first section:

Provided That no goods, wares, or merchandise, which shall be imported into the U. States on or before the 30th day of April, 1821, if from places beyond the Cape of Good Hope, or on or before the 31st day of October next, if from other places situated beyond the Cape of Good Hope, in vessels that sailed from the United States before the passage of this act, shall be subjected to any higher duty than is required by laws now in force.

This motion was negatived without a count. Mr. Silsbee moved to change the time at which the bill shall go into operation, from the 30th June to the 30th of September next; which motion was also negatived.

Mr. Edwards, of N. C. moved to reduce the duty on imported salt from 25 cents to 20 cents a bushel.

The question was taken on reducing the salt duty, and decided in the affirmative, yeas and nays, as follows.

For the amendment, 93
Against it, 71

Mr. Hill, of Massachusetts, moved to amend the bill by reducing the duty on imported molasses from ten cents to five cents a gallon; on which motion the yeas and nays were ordered.

Mr. Parker, perceiving that all the amendments which had been discussed and rejected in committee of the whole would probably be again offered, and the time of the house occupied in the tedious process of deciding them again, by yeas and nays, moved again for the previous question.

The call for the previous question was sustained by a vote of 80 to 62; and the previous question, "shall the main question be taken?" was stated accordingly, and was decided, by yeas and nays, in the affirmative—yeas 92 nays 71.

The question was at length taken on ordering the bill to be engrossed and read a third time, and decided in the affirmative, by yeas and nays, as follows—yeas 90, nays 69.

The house then (having rejected ten or twelve previous motions to adjourn,) at various stages of the evening proceedings) adjourned between 7 and 8 o'clock, after a sitting of more than nine hours.

SATURDAY, APRIL 29.

THE NAVY.

Mr. Williams, of N. Carolina, after remarks, at some length, offered the following resolution, which were read.

Resolved, That the committee of Ways and Means be instructed to report a bill calling home the squadron in the Mediterranean sea.

Mr. Williams submitted also the following resolution to amend the rules, which lies on the table one day of course:

Resolved, That an additional standing committee be appointed to be denominated "The Committee on Agriculture."

THE ARMY.

Mr. Floyd of Virginia; after approving the first motion of Mr. Williams, moved the following resolution, which was laid on the table.

Resolved, That the committee on military affairs be instructed to report a bill, reducing the army of the United States to six thousand men, to consist of a due proportion of infantry, artillery and riflemen.

DISTRICT BANKS.

The house took up the amendment of the Senate to the bill concerning the banks of the District of Columbia.

Mr. Mercer moved that the house disagree to the amendment; which motion was negatived; and then

The house agreed to the amendment of the Senate to the bill, granting certain privileges to the ocean steam ship company of New York, was read a third time.

The bill was opposed by Mr. M'Lean, of Kentucky, who moved to recommit the bill

and by Mr. Foot, and was supported by Messrs. Gross, of New York, and Newton, and after some remarks from Mr. Smith, of Maryland, who wished further time to examine the bill—it was recommitted.

THE TARIFF.

The engrossed bill to regulate the duties on imports and tonnage, was read the third time.

Mr. Rhea then rose and spoke about an hour against the passage of the bill.

Mr. Stocumb, of North Carolina, moved to recommit the bill, with instructions to reduce the duty on imported iron in bars, &c. from 125 cents to 75 cents.

This motion produced a debate of considerable duration, touching occasionally on the general merits of the bill, as well as on the expediency of committing the bill for the purpose proposed.

The motion to recommit the bill was advocated by Messrs. Stocumb, Puckney, Silsbee, Mercer, Nelson, of Mass. Murton, Smith, of N. C. Livermore, Floyd, Holmes, and Foot, and was opposed by Messrs. Kelsey, Smith, of Md. Baldwin, Storrs, Sergeant, and Gross, of New York. The debate continued until about four o'clock, when it was negatived by yeas and nays as follows:

For the recommitment, 70
Against it, 90

Mr. Foot, of Connecticut, then moved, that the bill be postponed until the first day of the next session, and followed his motion by some general remarks against the bill.

The question on postponing the bill was decided in the negative, by yeas and nays, by the following vote:

For the postponement, 78
Against it, 60

The question was then taken on the passage of the bill, and decided in the affirmative by yeas and nays as follows:

For the passage, 91
Against it, 78

So the bill was passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. Rich made a motion to reconsider the vote by which the amendment of the Senate to the District Banks bill was this morning agreed to; but before the question was a ken—a motion was made to adjourn; and, about 5 o'clock, the House adjourned.

MONDAY, MAY 1.

Mr. Dickinson presented a petition of sundry mechanics and trades, residing in various places in the interior of the State of New York and other States, praying that a duty not exceeding ten per centum may be imposed on articles of iron, which was referred to the committee on Navigation.

The committee moved to prevent the consideration of the bill in the Naval Service of the United States from accepting of any articles of iron of any kind whatever from any King, Prince, or foreign State, for other purposes; which was referred to the committee on Commerce.

Mr. Hill, of Massachusetts, moved to amend the bill by reducing the duty on imported molasses from ten cents to five cents a gallon; on which motion the yeas and nays were ordered.

Mr. Parker, perceiving that all the amendments which had been discussed and rejected in committee of the whole would probably be again offered, and the time of the house occupied in the tedious process of deciding them again, by yeas and nays, moved again for the previous question.

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Against it, 78

So the bill was passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. Rich made a motion to reconsider the vote by which the amendment of the Senate to the District Banks bill was this morning agreed to; but before the question was a ken—a motion was made to adjourn; and, about 5 o'clock, the House adjourned.

MONDAY, MAY 1.

Mr. Dickinson presented a petition of sundry mechanics and trades, residing in various places in the interior of the State of New York and other States, praying that a duty not exceeding ten per centum may be imposed on articles of iron, which was referred to the committee on Navigation.

The committee moved to prevent the consideration of the bill in the Naval Service of the United States from accepting of any articles of iron of any kind whatever from any King, Prince, or foreign State, for other purposes; which was referred to the committee on Commerce.

Mr. Hill, of Massachusetts, moved to amend the bill by reducing the duty on imported molasses from ten cents to five cents a gallon; on which motion the yeas and nays were ordered.

Mr. Parker, perceiving that all the amendments which had been discussed and rejected in committee of the whole would probably be again offered, and the time of the house occupied in the tedious process of deciding them again, by yeas and nays, moved again for the previous question.

The call for the previous question was sustained by a vote of 80 to 62; and the previous question, "shall the main question be taken?" was stated accordingly, and was decided, by yeas and nays, in the affirmative—yeas 92 nays 71.

The question was at length taken on ordering the bill to be engrossed and read a third time, and decided in the affirmative, by yeas and nays, as follows—yeas 90, nays 69.

The house then (having rejected ten or twelve previous motions to adjourn,) at various stages of the evening proceedings) adjourned between 7 and 8 o'clock, after a sitting of more than nine hours.

SATURDAY, APRIL 29.

THE NAVY.

Mr. Williams, of N. Carolina, after remarks, at some length, offered the following resolution, which were read.

Resolved, That the committee of Ways and Means be instructed to report a bill calling home the squadron in the Mediterranean sea.

Mr. Williams submitted also the following resolution to amend the rules, which lies on the table one day of course:

Resolved, That an additional standing committee be appointed to be denominated "The Committee on Agriculture."

THE ARMY.

Mr. Floyd of Virginia; after approving the first motion of Mr. Williams, moved the following resolution, which was laid on the table.

Resolved, That the committee on military affairs be instructed to report a bill, reducing the army of the United States to six thousand men, to consist of a due proportion of infantry, artillery and riflemen.

DISTRICT BANKS.

The house took up the amendment of the Senate to the bill concerning the banks of the District of Columbia.

Mr. Mercer moved that the house disagree to the amendment; which motion was negatived; and then

The house agreed to the amendment of the Senate to the bill, granting certain privileges to the ocean steam ship company of New York, was read a third time.

The bill was opposed by Mr. M'Lean, of Kentucky, who moved to recommit the bill

and by Mr. Foot, and was supported by Messrs. Gross, of New York, and Newton, and after some remarks from Mr. Smith, of Maryland, who wished further time to examine the bill—it was recommitted.

THE TARIFF.

The engrossed bill to regulate the duties on imports and tonnage, was read the third time.

Mr. Rhea then rose and spoke about an hour against the passage of the bill.

Mr. Stocumb, of North Carolina

